**Assessing ecological similarities, threats, and potential for co-management of Woodland Caribou and Wolverine in Canada’s boreal forests**

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Canadian boreal forests are undergoing some of the most rapid rates of change globally, driven by the impacts of forestry, industrial development, and climate change. As a result, boreal woodland caribou (*Rangifer tarandus caribou*) populations have declined significantly and are listed nationally as ‘Threatened’. Federal conservation strategies such as the Pan-Canadian Approach aim to conserve this species and also bring co-benefits to other co-occurring ‘Species at Risk’ vulnerable to similar threats. Wolverines (*Gulo gulo*) share some ecological commonalities with woodland caribou, making them a candidate species for this co-management approach. To begin assessing the efficacy of a woodland caribou and wolverine co-management approach, I’ve conducted a review of existing woodland caribou and wolverine status assessments, recovery plans, and action plans at both a national and provincial/territorial level. Preliminary results show more extensive and detailed conservation planning in place for woodland caribou than wolverine, reflecting differences in some status listings. These documents indicate there is significant overlap in the reported drivers of woodland caribou and wolverine declines suggesting there is potential for co-management. This work will be built on by contrasting landscape-scale habitat associations for both species, and forecasting wolverine habitat availability under current caribou-focused forest management strategies.